

# Master Study Course „Environmental Sciences – Soil, Water, Biodiversity and Climate Change

## (ENVEURO)



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Copenhagen September 2006, Revision BOKU 2010

## Summary

This proposal describes the structure, content and organisation of a new joint MSc program in environmental science entitled “Soil, Water and Biodiversity: the European Approach (ENVEURO)”. The program focus on the relationships between natural resource uses in Europe and the effects it has on environment and health, and aims at providing analytical and management tools as well as environmental technologies for sustainable production systems in areas with high pressures on natural resources. Water resources takes a central role in the program as water quantities and quality is a powerful measure of mass and energy balances in agriculture, industries and households including pollutional loads. Furthermore, Europe is at the global frontier with respect to monitoring and regulation of water resources. This provides an excellent platform for development of a MSc program based on European knowledge and experience leading to candidates who will have excellent skills for jobs in all public and industrial sectors working with optimization of production within the regulative and legislative frames set for maintaining high environmental and health standards.

The MSc which initially will comprise four of the ELLS universities (UHOH, BOKU, SLU, LIFE) runs over 2 years and has an extent of 120 ects. It is composed of four semester packages – each with an extent of 30 ects: a basic semester package (BSP), two advanced semester packages (ASP) and a thesis work. The BSP comprise a compulsory one-week introcourse and a 15 ects e-learning course on “Environmental Management in Europe”. After having passed the BSP, the student can choose among five different specialisations: water resources, environmental impacts, soil resources and land use, ecosystems and biodiversity, and environmental management. A specialisation implies that the student has at least one ASP plus the thesis work within that specialisation. Each of the partner universities offers ASPs within four specialisations. Semester packages comprise compulsory and elective courses and study activities. A number of semester packages based on courses taught in English at the partner universities have been composed. The thesis work typically has an extent of 30 ects, but may be extended to 45 ects by inclusion of experimental work during the two ASPs. The thesis is co-supervised by two teachers coming from two different partner universities. A three-week summer course is placed between the first and second advanced semester package. The student has to stay at at least two universities during a full MSc and the stay outside the home university should have a duration of two semesters. The typical student is expected to spend the first year at the home university and the second year at the host university (including work on master thesis). Students can start at any of the four universities, but a common admission system with common admission criteria will be established and managed by an ENVEURO advisory board. This board is responsible for the curriculum development, coordination, evaluation and academic standards of the MSc program – and refers to the study councils at the partner universities.

The MSc program does not substitute already running MSc programs at the partner universities and it brings in new approaches and competences:

- i) a strong context where management systems sets the frame for all other activities,
- ii) a strong root in European experience and with focus on water,
- iii) a strong interaction between students and teachers stimulated by intro- and summer courses, e-learning and shifts between institutions, and

iv) good opportunities for composing strong individual study programs assembled from complementary courses offered by the four European universities.

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## **Background and Vision**

The steering group of the subject area Environmental Science – part of the Euroleague for Life Sciences network – proposes to establish a joint masters programme in Environmental Science entitled “Soil, Water and Biodiversity: the European Approach” given the acronym **ENVEURO**.

Europe has a long history of intensive use of its natural resources and tough lessons on misuse and overuse of land and water resources have been experienced and learned the hard way. This has forced Europeans to pay strong attention to environmental deterioration. Europe is therefore at the cutting edge with respect to environmental research, its use in monitoring, control, legislation, policy and management actions, and development of environmental technology.

The ENVEURO programme will take an overall European approach educating students to look at environmental problems and their solution not as confined to single countries but as transboundary problems needing global solutions. Focus will be on the interactions between land use and the environment, with the aqueous phase placed at the core of the programme.

Water quality is to a large extent determined by the composition, properties, management and pollutant loads of soils and of the atmosphere, and water is the main carrier of pollutants in the terrestrial environment and connects to the atmospheric environment, the aquatic environments and to the biosphere as plants and micro organisms take up nutrients and substrates through the aqueous phase. Ecosystem stability and animal and human health is strongly affected through the quality of water in streams, lakes, marine waters and groundwater and indirectly via the feed and food, the quality of which depends on the inherent quality of soil and irrigation waters. This creates a tight link between land use and water quality with focus on soil quality, animal and human health.

Hence, the quality of the aqueous environment can be used as a collective measure of terrestrial environmental quality, an approach, which is most clearly adopted in the European Water Framework Directive as well as other EU directives. The comprehensive and coordinated environmental framework programs that have been implemented all over Europe are backed up by intensive and common monitoring programs, legislation, regulation, management and policy practices which are here seen as a strong advantage and a solid background for the MSc programme.

The MSc programme aims at providing candidates who can work professionally with soil, water and biodiversity in an environmental context and related to the use of natural resources, and based on insight in European ecosystems and knowledge on current European environmental management. The program offers different possibilities for specialisation and hence should be attractive for both students interested in management and policy, and students inclined to a strict natural science approach focusing on process and system functioning, process dynamics, monitoring and modelling. However, all students will start up with a common introduction to European environmental practises including legislation, regulation, monitoring/data collection and policy. Compared to a national MSc program a joint European master in environmental science will be able to bring a broader range of complementary expertises together ensuring high educational quality in a multi-cultural, -economic and -political environment. This can help disseminate intercultural understanding and break down barriers in future European cooperation.

In addition the European approach and concepts are also attractive for newly industrialised countries such as Asian countries which are facing tremendous challenges to avoid ecological disasters and which currently are in the process of developing their own environmental management systems. These countries could have a pronounced advantage of learning from the mistakes and experiences already made during the long history of natural resource use in Europe.

**Water: main target of environmental quality in European terrestrial ecosystems**

In 2000 EU launched the Water Framework Directive (WFD) which set up the future frame for regulation and protection of water resources in Europe comprising lakes, streams, coastal waters and groundwater. The WFD summarizes much of the European experience on pollution, water quality and ecosystem management, and it represents a new and comprehensive way of source-to-sink thinking where the primary goals are to achieve the desired quality of the water resources, to ensure that there is enough clean water for different uses, and to avoid disasters like flooding and droughts. The WFD prescribes that “good ecological quality” and/or “good chemical quality” should be reached in the water bodies no later than 2015. A management system is setup where all regions in Europe is divided into water districts and for each of these districts water management plans are to be developed. There is particular focus on the control of emission of contaminants from industries, households, and agriculture to water bodies and detailed action plans and monitoring systems should be developed in order to achieve the 2015 goals. The WFD are now being implemented in all European countries – the detailed rules are being laid down in national legislation and regulation.

The WFD will bring a regulatory effect on all sources which affects the quality of water bodies. Agriculture has a very pronounced effect on the quality of European surface waters and groundwater, and hence the WFD will boost the development of improved systems for quantification and regulation of pollution from agricultural sources, such as leaching of nitrate, phosphate, pesticides and veterinary drugs from arable soils, ammonia volatilization from animal production facilities and the spread of microbial pathogens and toxins via water. An in depth understanding of hydrology, water chemistry and biology, soil chemistry and physics is needed as a foundation for establishment of models and tools which can be used in future regulation of land use. This will enable land users and planners to calculate the maximum of pollutant load (e.g. fertilizer or pesticides) which can be allowed for particular land areas in order to meet the quality goals set up for the different water bodies. Hence, the WFD is very demanding in terms of mechanistic understanding of natural processes and their quantification. The WFD links to a number of other directives, e.g. REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals), the habitat directive, and in 2006 a groundwater directive is planned. Also a soil quality directive may appear.

The WFD is the most comprehensive system for water management applicable on a large scale ever developed – and it integrates almost all pollutorial activities caused by man. In ENVEURO we will make use of the directive in different ways, i.e.: i) water quality as an integrated measure of “loads” from natural resource uses such as agriculture, forestry, and mining, ii) development of trans-European cases on how the WFD is implemented in different ecosystem and climatic regions, iii) development of quantitative tools for quantifying distribution and mass balances of pollutants, definition/determination of measurable goals and setup of monitoring schemes, and iv) environmental technology for remediation and improving the quality of polluted water bodies and soils.

The program to a large extent builds on the existing courses at the partner universities. However, the overall approach is different from existing programs as, i) study activities and topics are strongly depending on fit with the general EU environmental management practice and goals, ii) interaction between students and teachers from different learning environments is stimulated through intro- and summer courses, e-learning, co supervision of thesis work and shifts between universities, iii) students have many more options to choose a specialization and a individual study program which fit her/his particular needs, and iv) water resources as a common theme targeting most of current and past activities of man in relation to natural resource uses and production. We are convinced that the program will be appealing to an additional group of students in addition to those students which already sign up with the partner universities.

The ENVEURO program follows up on the goals expressed by the ELLS task force and board; the program will strengthen the cooperation within ELLS and will make the European dimension and quality marks of the network more visible. When initiated and first experiences with ENVEURO have been obtained the program has been so structured that the MSc program can be readily turned into an Erasmus Mundus program. In general we expect that the ENVEURO program will improve the chances to get supporting funding from EU and other sources. In addition it will be possible to build post graduate study activities on top of the MSc program.

### **Programme structure**

The MSc is offered by four partner universities (while at least two east European universities are ready to join in if the master is realised). The four current partner universities comprise:

LIFE	- University of Copenhagen, faculty of Life Sciences, Denmark
UHOH	- University of Hohenheim, Germany
SLU	- Swedish University of Agricultural Science, Sweden
BOKU	- University of Natural Resources and Applied Life Science Vienna, Austria

The full program has an extent of 120 ECTS and the program is constructed by 4 semester packages each with a work load of 30 ECTS (basic semester package/BSP, two advanced semester packages/ASPs and a thesis). During the MSc program all students will be studying at two different partner universities as a rule, and at least one ASP (30 ECTS) has to be followed outside the home university. The thesis work has to be assigned to one of the universities where an ASP has been taken.

When the student signs in for the MSc program, the student will be registered at the university chosen to start at, here called the home university. When the student leaves for another university to study for a semester or full year, he/she will be registered also at this second university, which is called the host university.

For practical reasons, we suggest that the first year (BSP + 1<sup>st</sup> ASP) of the MSc is carried out at one university. One year at the same university ensures that students get the best opportunities for integration and that they are not subjected to frequent shifts from one university to another which is

costly and time consuming. In addition, if at least one year is spent abroad is strengthening the international dimension of the MSc. This is important, because it provides good opportunities to get into the learning environments in other countries and at other universities, and it broadens the perspective of the students and offers excellent opportunities to extend language skills and to establish networks. As an example a student who has taken his/her BSc at LIFE could choose for example SLU as the home university of the MSc programme. After the first year the student could decide to return to LIFE for the 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP or to go to any other of the partner universities. To carry out the first year at the same university offers time to get integrated and opens up for the possibility that not all BSP courses, which will all be tool-oriented, needs to be taken during the first semester. In this way the second half of the first semester can be exchanged with advanced courses of the 1<sup>st</sup> ASP. This leaves the student with better possibilities to set up a program for the first year with courses of choice.

The language of the master programme is English and hence all courses offered as well as group work and papers will be conducted in English. Engagement in local language courses during the study is encouraged as this encompass with the spirit of the international focus of the MSc. Students however need to have good language skills in English, which is included among the admission criteria.

Students registering for the MSc programme should have a solid background in natural sciences, while the MSc includes the introducing courses needed in environmental legislation/law, environmental management, environmental impact assessment and policy (see page 14 for details on admission).

The MSc is made up of already existing courses at the partner universities except for the introduction + EME course given during the BSP (see below) and except for the summer course. Building the programme from existing courses ensures that courses will be taught even if only a few ENVEURO students have chosen a specific specialisation (see below) for the ASPs. In this way all specialisations can be carried out every year independent of the number of ENVEURO students choosing them.

On successful completion of the thesis the student receives a joint degree diploma issued by the university where the student has carried out the thesis work and with all partner universities signing.

E-learning is an important and integrated part of the MSc as this is seen as a vital tool for communication and teaching in the MSc programme. The e-learning tools will be used to break down the physical distance barriers and to secure fruitful cooperation between students at the different universities. E-learning reduces travelling of teachers and students and it introduces tools which will be common in future international cooperation on management and problem solution – and hence students capabilities of using up-to date IT tools for communication and cooperation is advantageous for future job possibilities. The EME course given during the first semester, and a summer course placed between the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> semester include e-learning as very important teaching tools.

## Semester structure

The structure of the master is basically the same at the four different universities but as the different universities have different semester structures the exact semester layout will vary between universities.

A full study programme comprises the BSP (30 ECTS) including introduction- and summer-courses, two ASPs (2 x 30 ECTS) and thesis (30 ECTS). There will be an option for making the thesis 45 ECTS, by combining data/experimental work obtained during the 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP with the thesis work in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester. E.g. an experimental work could be carried out during the “elective courses” forming part of the 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP and this work could be used as part of the thesis. The opportunity to make an extended thesis based on substantial experimental work is important for those students who wish to continue with a Ph.D. after the MSc. For those students it is critical that the thesis work has an extent and quality that allows for international publication in peer-reviewed journals.

### General structure of the Joint European Master in Environmental science

University 1	1 <sup>st</sup> semester BSP	Intro-week in August + e-learning in semester. European environmental law & administration	
		Compulsory or elective courses, 15 ECTS	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> semester 1 <sup>st</sup> ASP	Compulsory courses, 15 ECTS	
		Elective courses, 15 ECTS	
		Summer course	
University 2	3 <sup>rd</sup> semester 2 <sup>nd</sup> ASP	Compulsory courses, 15 ECTS	
		Elective courses, 15 ECTS	
Univ. 1 or 2	4 <sup>th</sup> semester	Thesis, 30 ECTS	

The curriculum consists of the following components:

- A. Basic semester package (BSP) including introduction course
- B. Advanced semester packages (ASP)
- C. Thesis (T)
- D. Summer field course (SFC)

#### A. Basic semester package (BSP)

The BSP comprises a compulsory 15 ECTS course in “Environmental Management in Europe (EME)” plus 15 ECTS elective courses. The aim of the BSP is to bring students to a common level of knowledge and to establish a general background for the ASPs, and to introduce and train concepts, theories and requisites to be used throughout the programme. The BSP will be offered by

all partner universities but its specific form may differ from one university to another. However, the EME course is suggested to be taught by one university only.

The EME course is composed of a 1 week intensive introduction course plus a teaching program which extends for the rest of the 1<sup>st</sup> of semester. For the one week introduction course, students and lecturers will come physically to the same location. The rest of the EME course is mainly based on E-learning. The aim of the EME course is to introduce students to European natural resources and the environment, European environmental monitoring, data bases and quality assessment, European environmental history and policy, environmental legislation, regulation and management practises. Hence, the EME course delineates the administrative and policy frame within which all environmental management activities take place and are regulated in Europe. This is to ensure that students are aware of the current frame (and limitations) for carrying out environmental management, developing solutions and environmental technology. Through the EME, students inclined to specialisation with natural science topics of the MSc will have the necessary background and perspective for developing useful and realistic solutions. Those students who are more interested in the management part may go deeper into analysis, criticism and development of current environmental management and regulation practices.

The intensive introduction course which is part of the EME has duration of one week and will take place during week 34 in order to avoid overlap with other courses at any of the partner universities. The intro course serves as an introduction to:

- the ENVEURO programme (aim of programme, organisation, regulative, teaching objectives, course structures, teaching principles, examination, evaluation and quality assurance, etc)
- the partner universities (organisation, courses offered, study regulative, student facilities, housing, etc)
- European natural resources and the environment; European environmental history
- Europe in an environmental context with short intros to the current state of the European environment, legislation, management, management principles (e.g. sustainability concepts) and policy – and the challenges a head of us.
- European monitoring, environmental quality assessment and data centres
- environmental research and knowledge centres in Europe
- e-learning tools, the e-learning platform to be used and e-learning systems
- group work on environmental cases (European case studies) partly based on excursion activities and field work.
- presentation and communication techniques

In addition the students get to know each other at the intro course and they will get the opportunity to talk to 2<sup>nd</sup> year students and to study advisors.

At the introduction course the students will be organised in groups of 5 – 6 individuals and these groups will continue to work together during rest of the EME course - after returning to their universities. The part of the EME course taking place at the different partner universities will be taught through e-learning (see below for e-learning instruments), and it is suggested that only one of the partner universities gets the overall responsibility for this course. The semester part of the course is a continuation of the topics and tools introduced at the intro course. The main teaching components of the course comprise: lectures given by experts (e.g. experts from EEA, national

environmental protection agencies, governmental offices), group work and group presentations, one bigger project to be handed in at end of the course, and theoretical exercises.

The other 15 ECTS of the BSP is devoted to compulsory and elective courses at the chosen home university. The compulsory courses should comprise topics within:

- Statistical handling of large environmental data sets
- Environmental modelling and computation
- Use of GIS systems and handling of GIS data/statistics
- Research methodology and experimental planning
- Ecotoxicology
- Environmental technology

The elective courses have to be chosen from a group of tool oriented courses depending on the level and past courses attended by the student (see appendix D).

### B. Advanced semester packages (ASP)

ASPs are selected by the students for the second and third semesters. Both 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP is chosen at the end of the first semester. This is done to leave sufficient time for the student to arrange where and how to move between 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP.

Through the choice of ASPs the students design her/his profile and specialisation. Six themes of specialisation are possible and there are no limitations to how students may combine the two ASPs, i.e. the student can select the two ASPs within the same specialisation or within two different specialisations.

Each partner university offers ASPs within 3 specialisations according to the following scheme.

#### **ASPs within the six specialisations distributed among the partner universities.**

Specialisations	BOKU	UHOH	LIFE	SLU
Water Resources	x			x
Environmental Impacts		x	x	
Soil Resources and Land use	x	x	x	x
Ecosystems and Biodiversity	x			x
Environmental Management		x	x	
Climate Change	x	x	x	x

Each university offers at least two ASPs within the same theme; one ASP to cover the spring and one to cover the autumn semester (see appendices B & C).

The structure of the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> semesters is such that in the semester package chosen about half/three fifth (depending on the university structure) of the semester is compulsory, while half/two fifth is elective but has to be chosen within a small number of courses given under each semester package. Examples of ASPs are shown in appendices B and C. A student can choose amongst all ASPs offered and can select both ASPs within the same theme but not at the same university. As mentioned above the standard thesis has an extent of 30 ECTS. However, it will be possible to

combine 15 ECTS project work or experimental work located in the elective parts of the 1<sup>st</sup> or 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP with the thesis work in the 4<sup>th</sup> semester to get a thesis with a total extent of 45 ECTS.

Even for the ASPs within the same themes repetition of teaching content will be minimal as each university has its own angle on the theme and the number of elective courses makes it easy for the student to choose courses with different teaching contents.

During the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP it is possible to do individual projects of 6-7.5 ECTS points instead of following one of the elective courses. These projects can - as described above - be used as part of the thesis work but can also just be used to explore areas and angles of subjects that are not included in the curriculum but still but which are still within the specialisation chosen.

### C. Thesis

The thesis work is performed during the 4<sup>th</sup> semester and it is in most cases physically located at the host university. A third party such as a public or private research organisation, or an industry may be involved in the thesis work; rights and responsibilities are settled in the thesis agreement made prior to any thesis work and accepted by the ENVEURO study board.

The topic of the thesis is selected at end of the 3<sup>rd</sup> semester and should fall within one of the above listed themes. The student has to choose a theme for the thesis within the themes where she/he has followed at least one ASP. This is to make sure that the student has the required background and insight for doing the thesis work.

Each thesis student has two supervisors, the main supervisor from the university where the thesis work is physically located and a 2<sup>nd</sup> supervisor from one of the other partner universities. The expertise of the main supervisor needs to fall within the thesis theme. At least two meetings are organised during the thesis work, one at start of the thesis and another after 4 months. The student and both supervisors are participating in the meetings (physically together, video meetings or other e-meeting form). The thesis work is presented and defended at the university where the thesis work has been physically conducted; both supervisors together with an external censor participate in grading of the thesis. Depending on the rules of the university the main supervisor is responsible for the presentation and defence actions in relation to the thesis.

The thesis work has an extent of 30 ECTS. However, as stated above, students can choose to incorporate experimental data obtained during laboratory- or field-work in the previous ASPs to make a 45 ECTS thesis.

### D. Summer course

The summer course takes place during 3 weeks in August and comprises one preparatory week and two weeks at a common location. The aim of the summer course is to train tools and theories introduced at the intro course and learned through the BSP and the first ASP and to draw on the different experiences obtained by the students. Furthermore, it is possible to get hands on the insight in European environmental praxis and environmental problem analysis and to evaluate and follow up on the e-learning activities in the EME course.

The summer course comprises about half field exercises and half laboratory/theoretical work. Groups of students work together on a specific topic (presented before start-up of the course); the

project work carried out during the course is summarised as a report and a poster, which is presented to the class. A final written exam ends the course.

The ENVEURO summer course will substitute the existing summer 3-weeks ELLS course “European Field Excursions in Environmental Science (EFEES)” which is currently financed as an Erasmus IP course. These summer courses takes place at different locations in Europe and have shifting topics from year to year depending on what is and what have been the main environmental challenges at the different locations. The ENVEURO summer course will have a similar format, but some of the content will be fixed from year to year as the course forms an integrated part of the MSc program. Thus, e-learning, case studies initiated during the BSc and first ASP, European environmental management systems, monitoring and assessment tools will be permanent activities. The summer course will however be open to students which are not participating in the MSc program, but the preparatory work in advance of the course will be more demanding for non-ENVEURO students. Continued financial support for the summer course will be seeked from the EU.

An example of a EFEES summer course is given in Appendix E.

### *E-learning*

E-learning is initiated at the intro course during the BSP and it will be used as the key teaching tool in the EME course. It is foreseen that several courses will use e-learning. This will be strongly promoted as it is seen as one of the most powerful ways to increase the interaction and exchange of knowledge and data between students and teachers at the different partner universities, and it is believed that this is one of the best tools to avoid students to get isolated for smaller MSc programs running across a number of universities placed far from each other. A common e-learning platform or virtual learning environment will be used and it is suggested that one of the partner universities is given the responsibility to service this tool. The e-learning platform should allow for broadcasting of e-learning lectures, enable group and project work, individual assignments, student-to-student cooperation, student-to-teacher cooperation, and as information and course reference site. Macro-media Breeze seems to be a versatile and optimal platform for broadcasting of lectures and allowing students to respond to the teacher.

Collaborative learning in which students work together and share each others resources will be facilitated during the EME course. The course teacher will work as e-moderator and ensure that students get the full outcome of using e-learning. It should be realized that learning through e-learning is very different from conventional class room teaching requiring new ways of teacher-student and student-student interactions, which however can be very efficient. Two critical phases are identified. One is to get all started and involved/motivated. This will take place during the intro course where all new students are together. The other critical phase is after return of the students to the partner universities where technical problems and isolation may retard use and progress of e-learning. Here we seek support from the ELLS ICT group which is present at each of the universities. The EME course responsible will act as e-moderator.

E-learning adds an extra aspect to the MSc program. It is expected that coming students are already quite experienced in using computers for communication, e.g. via software such as messenger and Skype or via gaming software. The MSc program attempts to build on this already acquired ex-

perience and to make it useful in the learning situation. If successful e-learning opens up many new possibilities for broadcasting courses among the ELLS universities – and even for extending to countries outside Europe.

### **Acquired competencies and learning outcomes**

On completion of the MSc the student will have the following competences:

#### Competences within basic science

- comprehend and analyse environmental concepts, problems and relationships in a European and global context.
- design and execute a research project at the postgraduate level using methods, instruments and tools acquired and present the outcome in a journal article.
- formulate the kinetics, equilibrium and mass balances for chemical, physical and biological processes affecting matter circulation in ecosystems within the selected area of specialisation for each student.
- develop and use mathematical models describing biological, physical and chemical processes for predictive purposes and in relation to planning and management.
- carry out research projects and dedicated analyses within the area of specialisation of the student by use of up-to-date methods and principles, and based on clear formulation of problems, hypotheses and research methods.

#### Competences within applied science

- demonstrate capability and knowledge on strategies for handling and solving environmental problems and challenges in a European and a global context.
- understand the systemic and quantitative linkages between natural resource use and water quality.
- present deep insight in structure and functioning of natural and man-influenced rural ecosystems, environmental and health effects of ecosystem perturbations, and be able to develop environmental technologies and measures for achieving sustainable production systems.
- understand and apply the methods and techniques used for environmental monitoring, and subsequent handling, statistical analysis and presentation of environmental data.
- understand the systematic and quantitative linkage between land use and environmental quality, with main focus on water resources.
- understand the fundamental principles behind environmental policy/legislation, regulation and management in Europe.
- create ideas and strategies for development of environmental technology in relation to remediation and reduction of pollution from soils and waters.

#### Competences within ethics and values

- understand the implications of sustainability concepts, and to demonstrate insight in the environmental and land use history of Europe and the lessons learned from that.

- effectively communicate and collaborate others across distances, cultural and language borders, by use of different medias such as written texts, oral presentations, video conferences and web-forums.
- use professional English in all oral and written communication throughout the master programme.
- discuss and assess environmental issues and creation of public attitudes in a European perspective.

### **Application, admission, examination criteria, diploma**

Students can start the ENVEURO programme at any of the partner universities but the typical student is anticipated to start at another university than the one where the BSc was conducted (if not coming from outside the ELLS universities) given that the national scholarship programs allow for this. Students from all countries of the world can apply but must hold a valid visa for the Schengen states. There is one application term per year (1<sup>st</sup> of January or 1<sup>st</sup> of February) with study start 1<sup>st</sup> of September. The same set of admission criteria is used at all universities. Applications are submitted and handled by the partner university hosting the secretariat of the MSc programme (LIFE is suggested), but all applications are assessed by the ENVEURO advisory board (see below).

Applicants should have a background in natural science with documented completion of basic courses comprising at least two of the disciplines: chemistry, biology/microbiology, mathematics/statistics, physics or natural resources. Admission criteria also comprise language skills and these will be based on performance in a TOEFL test. Students with poor English language capabilities are not admitted. If language is somewhat poor and other skills are good students can be admitted given that they register for a course in English language.

A common application form, which can be downloaded from the ENVEURO homepage, is used. The application form comprises personal data, a one-page CV, documentation of student BSc program (incl. grades), name of the university where the applicant would like to start her/his study and one page on the students motivation to enrol with the program, and the expectations of the student. The student will become registered at the university - the home university - where she/he starts her/his study. The student must accept to study full time and pay all tuition fees as well as show proof of their ability to cover living expenditures.

The ENVEURO advisory board evaluates all applications and ranks the applicants according to grades obtained during the BSc, their academic profiles, and motivation. The final recommendations made by the ENVEURO advisory board with respect to student uptake are transferred to the individual study boards under which the MSc programme belongs, and those study boards make the final decision on admission.

All study activities are graded according to the ECTS scheme. Evaluation of course activities can take a variety of forms: written exams, oral exams, oral project presentations, reports, posters, laboratory and theoretical exercises all following the local institutional regulations. Evaluation and grading of student performance follow the guidelines used at the partner universities; however, the ECTS grading scheme is used throughout (see section “Credits and grading scheme” for detailed

information). Co-supervision from two partner universities is mandatory for the thesis work. Also in this case the grading will be carried out according to the guidelines at the university where the student has carried out her/his thesis work, but with the co-supervisor making his comments and taking part in the grading of the thesis. For the summer course grading will be performed by the course teacher(s) and one censor from each of the partner universities. From time to time the advisory board makes an assessment of evaluation criteria at the four universities to ensure that grading criteria are at an equal level.

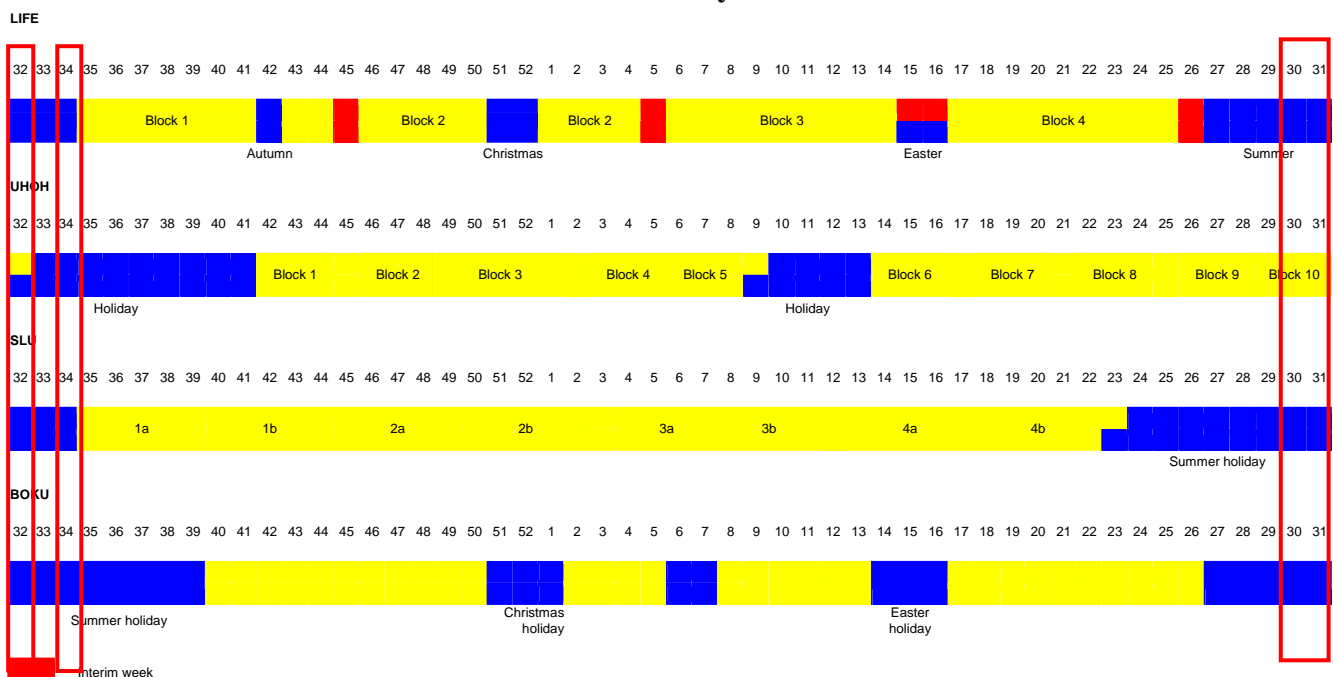
On successful completion of the MSc programme a joint degree diploma is issued by the university at which the thesis work has been performed and with all universities signing.

After completion of all requirements BOKU is issuing the academic degree “Master of Environmental Science (MSc)”.

## Mobility

The student is required to spend at least one semester at two partner universities. The typical student is expected to spend one year at each of two universities; one year comprising the BSP + 1<sup>st</sup> ASP at one university and the 2<sup>nd</sup> year at another university where the 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP + the thesis work is performed. This setup is recommended because of the different semester structures at the partner universities. Between the BSP and the 1<sup>st</sup> ASP moving will in general not work due to overlap between semesters. After the 2<sup>nd</sup> ASP it is possible to move before starting the thesis as the thesis does not have to follow the semester structure so precisely.

### Scheme showing the semester structures at the four partner universities and the possibilities for mobility



The international relation offices will be able to assist with accommodation facilities, visa and insurance problems, guidance on language courses, and other administrative issues concerning the student's period in the country.

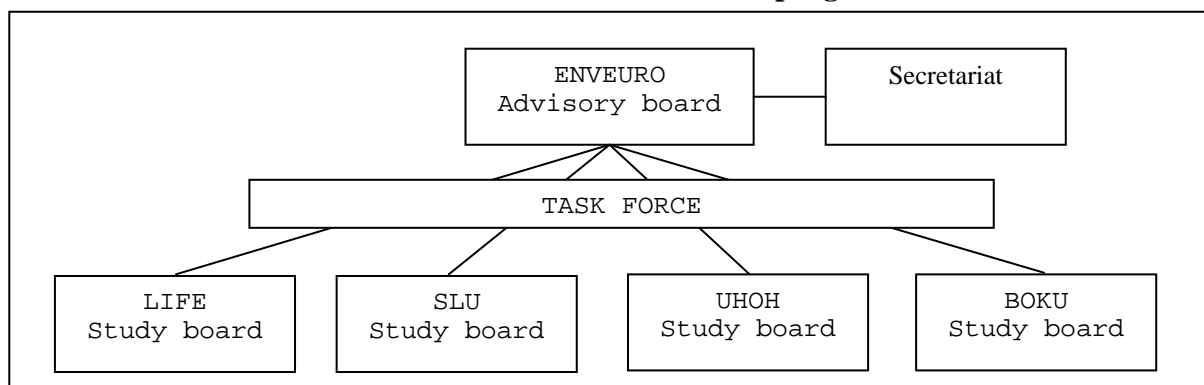
## Management

### *Advisory board*

An ENVEURO advisory board is established to coordinate, evaluate and further develop the MSc programme. The board has one professor and one student representative from each of the partner universities. The head of the board has the overall responsibility. The secretariat assists the advisory board in all matters. The board has an advisory role referring to the individual study boards at the partner universities; however, the ENVEURO board cannot make decisions on its own. The detailed tasks of the board comprise:

- Assessment of applicants and assessment of individual study plans
- Evaluation of courses taught in the program (academic level, performance of teachers, prerequisites) and thesis works
- Development and quality assurance of common courses, such as the EME course and summer course including e-learning components
- Coordination of the different components of the curriculum
- Revision, evaluation and acceptance of new semester packages
- Regular evaluation of the whole MSc program
- Information about the MSc program
- Outline and content of the MSc program homepage
- Securing a high academic standard of candidates

### **Administrative structure of the MSc programme**



### *Secretariat*

There will be one coordination secretariat handling all administrative, financial and educational matters in relation to the ENVEURO programme; LIFE is suggested to host the

secretariat for the first 5-year period. Interested and coming students may contact the secretariat with specific questions to the program but for all other questions the students will have to refer to the local international secretariats at the partner universities. The specific tasks of the secretariat are:

- to assist the advisory board and head of the programme with general administration of the program
- to register all applicants and to assist in handling of all admission matters
- to assist in development, updating and management of the homepage
- to respond to questions from teachers and affiliated students; management of e-mail box
- to assist in evaluation of courses and thesis works
- to assist in quality assurance and to perform statistical analyses of students performance
- to assist in preparation of flyers, posters and news to inform about the MSc program; participation in seminars and conferences related to education marketing.
- to prepare short annual reports and cost statements
- to assist in preparation of proposals, i.e. proposals for the EU
- to assist in management of introductory course and the summer course.

#### *Information, dissemination and “marketing”*

A homepage is set up to inform about the MSc programme and to help students find their way through the different options offered. The homepage is developed and supported by the secretariat in cooperation with the advisory board. The minimum content of the homepage comprise: i) person gallery (students, board members, and contact persons), ii) programme structure, iii) semester packages offered (with course listings etc), iv) info material (as posters, flyers), v) contact information and vi) enrolment form.

Information and “marketing” of the MSc program is extremely important in order to increase the number of students applying for the program. An information package comprising description of the program, the partner universities, the job opportunities and covering some European cases targeting the core of the program will be prepared and distributed to universities in Europe and abroad. Next – we strongly encourage the ELLS partner universities to promote ELLS and the MSc programs running under ELLS, i.e. to make these activities easy to pop-up via university homepages, that task force members distribute relevant material when in contact with other universities and that ELLS universities make one or two annual missions to progressing countries as China, Vietnam, Thailand, and Turkey for making contacts with new universities including information about the joint MSc programs offered by ELLS. Members of the Environmental Science steering group will be able to join on these missions. Finally, it is important that the ELLS universities inform about the program in gymnasiums and high schools for recruiting students who would like to develop a true European profile during their university education. Many conferences, workshops etc. on higher education is currently being organised. At such conferences and numerous other conferences the ELLS partner universities shall make strong advertisements of the ELLS MSc programs via posters, flyers, videos and even small “demonstration experiments”. The ELSA group is also seen as important actors for spreading information about the ENVEURO program.

## Quality assurance and evaluation

To ensure the quality and international acceptance of the MSc different initiatives are carried out.

- The use of the ECTS credit and grading scheme makes sure that there is transparency and international understanding of the extent, workload and level of the MSc taken.
- The fact that the degree will be a joint degree and hence signed by all partner universities ensures the academic level as partner universities are only signing diplomas which meet their own standards.
- Normal evaluation by student questionnaires will be carried out at the course level at the universities as a part of the local university course evaluation. Also the thesis works (quality of supervision, conditions of experimental work, coordination, planning), the introduction and the summer courses will be evaluated.
- The advisory board is responsible for a comprehensive evaluation of the MSc as an entity. The board will, especially the first couple of years where some adjustments to the programme may be expected, evaluate the admission criteria and selection procedures, content and quality of intro course, summer courses, semester packages, implementation of the e-learning tools, and the overall logistics of the MSc. In addition the advisory board will respond to evaluations from both teachers and students.

## Credits and grading scheme

All partner universities operate with the ECTS credit system where 60 ECTS represents one year of full study. The fact that this credit system is already functioning at the universities makes it easier to assure that the workload at the different universities will be the same for the master students even when mixing common courses like the e-learning course during the BSP with local courses at the individual universities.

The partner universities still follow different grading scales, which make comparisons of grades difficult. To secure the transparency of grading throughout Europe a common European ECTS scheme has been made (see table below). The ECTS grading scheme will be used for all the courses of the MSc as well as the corresponding grade from the national grading system. This is done to ensure credit transfer and to avoid mistakes during translation as well as to give an integrated European standard that can be used and understood with job applications all over Europe. As stated above grading is carried out according to the rules at the different partner universities, but the The ELLS Quality Assurance Group will be kept informed and involved in further development of quality assurance measures.

### Grading schemes and conversion at the partner universities

Country/grading	Insufficient, fail	Sufficient	Satisfactory	Good	Very Good	Excellent
<b>ECTS</b>	<b>F, FX</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>A</b>
Austria	5	4	4	3	2	1

Denmark	0, 3, 5	6	7	8,9	10,11	13
Germany	5, 6	4-, 4, 4+	3-, 3, 3+	2-, 2, 2+	1-	1
Sweden	U	G	G	G	G	G

## Cooperation aspects

### *Fees*

For students fees will have to be paid for the two years of the MSc corresponding to the rules at the universities where the individual MSc studies are being carried out.

SLU: Student union fee at 25 Euro per year.

UHOH: All students, national as well as foreign, will have to pay 500 Euro per semester from summer 2007.

BOKU: EU students will have to pay 737 Euro per year and non-European students 1474 Euro per year. Furthermore a student union fee of 28 Euro per year has to be paid.

LIFE: There are no fees for students coming from within the European Union. Students from outside Europe have to pay 14000 Euro per year.

Transport to the introduction course as well as the summer course will have to be paid by the individual student while the stay will be financed by the partner universities.

For some courses small financial contributions need to be paid to be able to go to excursions. These will not be higher than 50 Euro per semester.

**General structure at the four universities:**

30 ECTS →

*LIFE*

<b>1 semester &amp; 3 semester</b>	Block 1 first course	Block 2 first course
	Block 1 second course	Block 2 second course
<b>2 semester &amp; 4 semester</b>	Block 3 first course	Block 4 first course
	Block 3 second course	Block 4 second course

*SLU*

<b>1 semester &amp; 3 semester</b>	Block 1A & Block 1B	Block 2A & Block 2B
<b>2 semester &amp; 4 semester</b>	Block 3A & Block 3B	Block 4A & Block 4B

*UHOH*

<b>1 semester &amp; 3 semester</b>	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4	Block 5
<b>2 semester &amp; 4 semester</b>	Block 6	Block 7	Block 8	Block 9	Block 10

In addition, there are unblocked modules which run from the first to the last week of a semester, respectively. Blocks modules have their contact time in the afternoon, and unblocked modules in the morning.

**BOKU**

**BSP**

<b>1 semester (fall)</b>	<b>E Learning</b>
Basic	Block B1

<b>1 semester (spring)</b>	<b>Block B2</b>	Block WR2, Block SRL, Block ECO2
Basic		

*ASP* - Theme name:

Water Resources, Soil Resources and Land use, Ecosystems and Biodiversity; Climate Change

<b>2 semester (Fall)</b>	- Block WR3, Block SRL3, Block ECO3,CC1
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<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>	- Block WR2, Block SRL2, Block ECO2, CC2
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ASP - Theme name:

Water Resources, Soil Resources and Land use, Ecosystems and Biodiversity, Climate Change

<b>3 semester (Fall)</b>	- Block WR3, Block SRL3, Block ECO3, CC1
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<b>3 semester (Spring)</b>	- Block WR2, Block SRL2, Block ECO2, CC2
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**Semester Packages at the different universities**

**LIFE:**

BSP:

	<i>Block 1 (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 2 (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>1 semester (fall)</b> Basic	- E-learning, European environmental law and administration	
	- Exploratory data analysis (7.5) B - (Qualitative methods in agricultural development (7.5) A) - Climate, weather and plants (7.5) A - Landscape Ecology (7.5) B - Natural resource sampling and modelling (7.5) B	- Applied Statistics (7.5) A
	<i>Block 3 (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 4 (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>1 semester (spring)</b> Basic	- Analytical chemistry (7.5) C	- GIS (7.5) C

ASP:

**Soil and land use**

	<i>Block 1 (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 2 (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	- Environmental soil chemistry (7.5) C	- Advanced Microbiology (15) - Project (7.5)

Advanced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pedology (7.5) A</li> <li>- Pesticide use, Mode of action and ecotoxicology (7.5) A</li> <li>- Biological control of pests and diseases: Theory, Application and Perspectives (7.5) C</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Molecular plant biochemistry and physiology (7.5) A</li> <li>- Applied Statistics (7.5) A</li> </ul>
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*Block 3 (15 ECTS)*

*Block 4 (15 ECTS)*

2 semester (spring) Advanced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Analytical Chemistry (7.5) C</li> <li>- Pest and Beneficials of arable fields (7.5) C</li> <li>- Applied plant nutrition (7.5) C</li> <li>- Project (7.5)</li> <li>- Environment and agriculture (15)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Plant Ecophysiology (7.5) B</li> <li>- Weed Science (7.5) C</li> <li>- GIS (7.5) C</li> <li>- Plants in populations, communities and ecosystems (7.5) A</li> <li>- Advanced Chemometrics with MATLAB (7.5) outside schedule</li> </ul>
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### Environmental Management

*Block 1 (15 ECTS)*

*Block 2 (15 ECTS)*

3 semester (fall) Advanced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Landscape ecology (7.5) B</li> <li>- Economic Theory of Environmental Policy (7.5) A</li> <li>- Mind and Nature – Landscape values (7.5) C</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Environmental and Natural Resource Economics (7.5) C</li> <li>- Applied forest and natural resource economics (7.5) A</li> <li>- Applied Statistics (7.5) A</li> <li>- Economic valuation and cost benefit analysis (15)</li> </ul>
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*Block 3 (15 ECTS)*

*Block 4 (15 ECTS)*

2 semester (spring) Advanced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Applied environmental and natural resources (7.5 (15 total)) A Block 3+4</li> <li>- Environmental and ecotechnology (7.5) C</li> <li>- Project (7.5)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Environmental Management (7.5) B</li> <li>- EIA (7.5) C</li> <li>- GIS (7.5) C</li> <li>- Applied environmental and natural resources (7.5 (15 total)) A Block 3+4</li> <li>- Advanced Chemometrics with MATLAB (7.5) outside schedule</li> </ul>
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### Environmental Impacts

*Block 1 (15 ECTS)*

*Block 2 (15 ECTS)*

3 semester (fall) Advanced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Pesticide use, Mode of action and ecotoxicology (7.5) A</li> <li>- Applied plant nutrition (7.5) C</li> <li>- Natural resource sampling and modelling (7.5) B</li> <li>- Landscape ecology (7.5) B</li> <li>- Biological control of pests and diseases: Theory, Application and Perspectives (7.5) C</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Advanced Microbiology (15)</li> <li>- Applied ecology (7.5) A</li> <li>- Molecular plant biochemistry and physiology (7.5) A</li> <li>- Applied Statistics (7.5) A</li> <li>- GIS (7.5) C</li> <li>- Project (7.5)</li> </ul>
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*Block 3 (15 ECTS)*

*Block 4 (15 ECTS)*

2 semester (spring) Advanced	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Environmental and Ecotechnology (7.5) C</li> <li>- Analytical chemistry (7.5) C</li> <li>- Pest and beneficials of arable soils (7.5) C</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Plant Ecophysiology (7.5) B</li> <li>- Environmental Management (7.5) B</li> <li>- Plants in populations, communities and ecosystems (7.5) A</li> <li>- EIA (7.5) C</li> </ul>
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	- Project (7.5)	- Weed Science (7.5) C - Advanced Chemometrics with MATLAB (7.5) outside schedule
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**SLU:**

**BSP:**

		<i>Block 1a + 1b (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 2a + 2b (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>1 semester (fall)</b>	Basic	- E-learning, European environmental law and administration (15)	- Statistics for biologists 2 (7.5) 2a + 2b (50%) - Systems ecology - tools to analyse society and environment (15) 2a + 2b (100%) - Mathematics for biologists (7.5) 2b (100%)
		- Statistics for biologists 1 (7.5) 1a + 1b (50%) - Mathematics for biologists (7.5) 1a + 1b (50%)/ 1b (100%) - Natural resources and environmental economics (15) 1a + 1b (100%)	
		<i>Block 3a + 3b (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 4a + 4b (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>1 semester (spring)</b>	Basic	- Applied environmental assessment (15) 3a + 3b (100%) - Strategies in sustainable natural resource management (15) 3a + 3b (100%) - Image Analysis (7.5) 3a + 3b (50%)	- Basic ecology (15) 4a + 4b (100%) - Multivariate methods (7.5) 4a + 4b (50%) - Natural resource and environmental economics, review course (7.5) 4a (50%)

**ASP:**

**Water Resources**

		<i>Block 1a + 1b (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 2a + 2b (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	Advanced	- Water and solute transport in the soil-plant system (15) 1a + 1b (100%)	- Water Quality Management and Hydrology (15) 2a + 2b (100%)
		<i>Block 3a + 3b (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 4a + 4b (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>	Advanced	- Applied biogeochemistry - element cycles and climate change (15) 3a + 3b (100%)	- Water management, soil conservation and land evaluation (15) 4a + 4b (100%)

**Soil Resources and Land use**

		<i>Block 1a + 1b (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 2a + 2b (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	Advanced	- Soils of the world - processes, classification and use (7.5) period not yet decided	- Biological waste treatment - technology for urban wastes (15) 2a + 2b (100%) - Soil chemistry (7.5) 2a + 2b (50%)
		<i>Block 3a + 3b (15 ECTS)</i>	<i>Block 4a + 4b (15 ECTS)</i>
<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>	Advanced	- Soil biology (15) 3a + 3b (100%) - Applied biogeochemistry - element cycles and climate change (15) 3a + 3b (100%)	- Soil sampling methodology and data evaluation (7.5) 4a + 4b (100%)

**Ecosystems and biodiversity**

*Block 1a + 1b (15 ECTS)*

*Block 2a + 2b (15 ECTS)*

<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	- Sustainable forest management and forest certification - international distance course (7.5) out of schedule (25%)	
Advanced	- Botany and Mycology: relationships and inventory techniques (15) 1a + 1b (100%) - Non-vascular plants and nature conservation (7.5) 1b (100%)	- Applied population biology (15) 2a + 2b (100%) - Ecological methods (15) 2a + 2b (100%)

*Block 3a + 3b (15 ECTS)*

*Block 4a + 4b (15 ECTS)*

<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>	- Forest environment and conservation (15) 3a + 3b (100%) - Insect ecology (15) 3a + 3b (100%)		- Flora and fauna conservation and management (15) 4a + 4b (100%)
Advanced	- Soil biology (15) 3a + 3b (100%) - Vertebrate zoology (7.5) 3b (100%)	- Bees, apiculture and pollination (7.5) 4b (100%)	

**UHOH:**

BSP

	<i>Block 1</i>	<i>Block 2</i>	<i>Block 3</i>	<i>Block 4</i>	<i>Block 5</i>
<b>1 semester (fall)</b>		Agriculture and food policy (6)	Matter cycling in agroecosystems (6)		
Basic					

- Quantitative methods in biosciences and economics (unblocked) (6 ECTS)
- Cartography and GIS (unblocked) (6 ECTS)
- Methodology of scientific working (unblocked) (6 ECTS)

ASP

**Environmental impacts**

	<i>Block 1</i>	<i>Block 2</i>	<i>Block 3</i>	<i>Block 4</i>	<i>Block 5</i>
<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	- Air pollution & air control (6)	Ecotoxicology & Environmental Analytic (6)		- Global change issue (6)	
Advanced	- Agr. Production & Residues (6)			- Environmental microbiology (6)	

- Animal hygiene (unblocked) (6 ECTS)
- Waste management and waste techniques (unblocked) (6 ECTS)

	<i>Block 6</i>	<i>Block 7</i>	<i>Block 8</i>	<i>Block 9</i>	<i>Block 10</i>
<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>	Environmental pollution & soil organisms (6)	Environmental science project (6)		-Advanced env. & animal hygiene Project (6)	-Advanced env. & animal hygiene Lab. Work (6)
Advanced					- Spatial data analysis with GIS (6)

- Mapping course: Soil & vegetation (unblocked) (6)

**Soil Resources and Land Use**

*Block 1                      Block 2                      Block 3                      Block 4                      Block 5*

<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	Plant nutrition in the Tropic & Subtropic (6)	Tropical Soils & land Evaluation (6)			
Advanced					

- Project in soil science (Unblocked) (6)
- Advanced Soil Biology (Unblocked) (6)
- Soil genesis Classification & geography (Unblocked) (6)

	<i>Block 6</i>	<i>Block 7</i>	<i>Block 8</i>	<i>Block 9</i>	<i>Block 10</i>
<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>					
Advanced					

- Project in soil science (Unblocked) (6)
- Advanced Excursion in Pedology (Unblocked) (6)
- Interdisciplinary advanced soil science project (Unblocked) (6)
- Mapping course: Soil & vegetation (Unblocked) (6)
- Field course in site Ecology (Unblocked) (6)

### Environmental management

	<i>Block 1</i>	<i>Block 2</i>	<i>Block 3</i>	<i>Block 4</i>	<i>Block 5</i>
<b>3 semester (fall)</b>	Farm level modelling (6)	- Farming & rural systems development (6) - - Dev. of agriculture in transition economies (6)	International food & agricultural trade (6)	Project evaluation methods (6)	- Advanced policy analysis modelling (6) - Food & nutrition security (6)
Advanced					

- Environmental management (Unblocked) (6)

	<i>Block 6</i>	<i>Block 7</i>	<i>Block 8</i>	<i>Block 9</i>	<i>Block 10</i>
<b>2 semester (Spring)</b>		Applied Econometrics (6)	Environmental & Resource Economics (6)	Advanced Resource Management (6)	Farming System Research (6)
Advanced					

- Environmental Policy & Legislation (Unblocked) (6)

### BOKU Semester Packages:

ASP	BASIC Winter Term B1	ECTS	ECTS	
815330	e-learning (including introduction week)		15	e-learning
816335	Introduction to Water and Soil ( <b>Soil Hydrological Processes</b> )		1,5	Compulsory
857321	Remote Sensing and GIS in Natural Resource Management	3		

857320	Remote Sensing and GIS in Natural Resource Management (UE)	3		
913311	Multiple Criteria Decisions Making in Natural Resource Management)	3		
871322	Science of Natural Mountain Disasters	4,5		
915325	Technology Assessment	1,5		
915344	Technology Assessment	3		
732346	Social Studies of Risk	3		
732326	Institutions and Policies of the EU (Introduction to the Law and Policies of the European Union) offered in Summer Term	3		
	Free elective lecture	3		
			13,5	Elective
Summe		<b>27</b>	<b>30,0</b>	

ASP	<b>WATER RESOURCES Winter Term WR3</b>	ECTS	ECTS	
816338	Water Resources Planning and Management	3	3	Compulsory
811356	Water supply and wastewater treatment	3	3	Compulsory
816336	Integrated Flood Risk Management	3	3	Compulsory
811334	Risk Assessment in the Aquatic Environment	3		
816332	Computer based River Modelling	3		
815310	Fluid Mechanics and Groundwater Flow	4,5		offered only every second year
912314	Mountain forest climatology and headwater hydrology	4,5		
811360	Modelling in Sanitary Engineering (Sewer, Treatment Pland and Receiver)	4,5		
811362	On Site Solutions for Water Supply and Sanitation	3		
815311	Simulation in Vadose Zone Environment	3		
871323	Forest hydrology and vegetation effects	3		
812312	Multi-scale Modelling of Aquatic Ecosystems	3		
	Free elective lecture	6		
			21	Elective
Summe		46,5	<b>30</b>	

ASP	<b>WATER RESOURCES Summer Term WR2</b>			
816343	Environmental Risk Analysis and Management	3	3	Compulsory

811358	Planning and Design in Water Supply and Wastewater Treatment	3	3	Compulsory
915327	Project Management	3	3	Compulsory
816342	Possible Impacts of Climate Change on Water Resources	3		
816347	Application of GIS in Hydrology and Water Management	3		
771304	Environmental Chemistry	4,5		
816339	Sediment Regime and River Morphology	3		
874300	Soil-bioengineering techniques (slopes and gullies)	4		
871304	Hazard and Risk Assessment	4,5		
815306	Applied Soil Physics	4,5		
731328	Valuation Methods for Natural Resources	3		
811332	Water Resources Management in Developing Co-operation	3		
811363	Industrial Water Management	3		
	Free elective lectures	6		
			21	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		<b>50,5</b>	<b>30</b>	

ASP	SOIL RESOURCES & LAND USE Winter Term SRL3	ECTS	ECTS	
815321	Soil Conservation and Soil Protection	3	3	Compulsory
871305	Integral Risk Management	3	3	Compulsory
815322	Soil Erosion Models and their Application	4,5	4,5	Compulsory
815310	Fluid Mechanics and Groundwater Flow	4,5		offered only every second year
815311	Simulation in Vadose Zone Environment	3		
911318	Ecology and management of the rhizosphere in ecological engineering	4,5		
912314	Mountain forest climatology and headwater hydrology	4,5		
871323	Forest hydrology and vegetation effects	3		
816336	Integrated Flood Risk Management	3		
911022	Chemistry of soil water	2		
933302	Protection of Natural Resources by Organic Farming	3		

911312	Rhizosphere processes and application to agriculture and soil protection	3		
911048	Specific methods in soil analyses	1		offered only every second year
911049	Specific methods in soil analyses	1		offered only every second year
911070	Anthropogenic soils and recultivation	2		
912328	Agroforestry in Mountain Regions	3		
	Free elective lecture	6		
			19,5	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		<b>51</b>	<b>30</b>	

ASP	<b>SOIL RESOURCES &amp; LAND USE Summer Term SRL2</b>			
816343	Environmental Risk Analysis and Management	3	3	Compulsory
874300	Soil-bioengineering techniques (slopes and gullies)	4	4	Compulsory
871304	Hazard and Risk Assessment	4,5	4,5	Compulsory
911319	In-situ treatment of polluted soils and sediments: phytoremediation, in-situ fixation and attenuation techniques	4,5		
871319	Protection and mitigation measures against natural hazards	4,5		
813359	Waste Recycling and Composting	3		
815306	Applied Soil Physics	4,5		
911320	Risk Management by Soil Protection and Remediation	1,5		
731328	Valuation Methods for Natural Resources	3		
911317	Soil properties and processes for ecological engineering	3		
771304	Environmental Chemistry	4,5		
	Free elective lecture	6		
			18,5	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		<b>51</b>	<b>30,0</b>	

ASP	<b>ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY Winter Term ECO3</b>	<b>ECTS</b>	<b>ECTS</b>	
811334	Risk Assessment in the Aquatic Environment	3	3	Compulsory
913311	Multiple Criteria Decision Making in Natural Resource Management	3	3	Compulsory
812312	Multi-scale Modelling of Aquatic Ecosystems	3		
816332	Computer based River Modelling	3		

912317	Effects of air pollutants and nutrient deficiencies on mountain forests	3		
912314	Mountain forest climatology and headwater hydrology	4,5		
911318	Ecology and management of the rhizosphere in ecological engineering	4,5		
871323	Forest hydrology and vegetation effects	3		
815321	Soil Conservation and Soil Protection	3		
912328	Agroforestry in Mountain Regions	3		
913306	Modelling of Mountain Forest Ecosystems	3,5		
914306	Assessing Diversity in Forest Stands	3		
732333	Innovations for Sustainable Forest Management	3		
911312	Rhizosphere processes and application to agriculture and soil protection	3		
911070	Anthropogenic soils and recultivation	2		
	Free elective lecture	6		
			24	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		<b>52,5</b>	<b>30,0</b>	

ASP	<b>ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY Summer Term ECO2</b>			
731328	Valuation Methods for Natural Resources	3	3	Compulsory
812330	Selected Topics of aquatic ecology and river management	3	3	Compulsory
816340	Ecologically Oriented Methods and Monitoring for River Engineering	3	3	Compulsory
933308	Soil fertility and soil ecology in organic farming	3	3	Compulsory
912315	Biodiversity and conservation of mountain forests	3		
771304	Environmental Chemistry	4,5		
874300	Soil-bioengineering techniques (slopes and gullies)	4		
811357	Biology, Chemistry and Microbiology for Civil Engineering	3		offered only every second year
834321	Biocultural Diversity in Rural Landscapes	3		
816342	Possible Impacts of Climate Change on Water Resources	3		
	Free elective lecture	6		
			18	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		<b>41,5</b>	<b>30,0</b>	

ASP	<b>Climate Change Winter Term CC1</b>	<b>ECTS</b>	<b>ECTS</b>	
814301	Meteorological Conditions and Precipitation	3	3	Compulsory
912314	Mountain forest climatology and headwater hydrology	4,5	4,5	Compulsory

835320	Statistics of extreme events and geostatistics	3	3	Compulsory
811334	Risk Assessment in the Aquatic Environment	3		
871305	Integral Risk Management	3		
915344	Technology Assessment	3		
871323	Forest hydrology and vegetation effects	3		
815321	Soil Conservation and Soil Protection	3		
871332	Disaster management	2		
871301	Introduction to modelling and simulation models	3		
732333	Innovations for Sustainable Forest Management	3		
871321	Forecasting and warning systems	3		
New	Free elective lecture	6		
			19,5	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		42,5	<b>30,0</b>	

ASP	<b>Climate Change Summer Term CC2</b>			
816342	Possible Impacts of Climate Change on Water Resources	3	3	Compulsory
816343	Environmental Risk Analysis and Management	3	3	Compulsory
871319	Protection and mitigation measures against natural hazards	4,5		
814010	Foresights- Wohin entwickelt sich die Welt	2		
871304	Hazard and Risk Assessment	4,5		
731333	Globalisation and Rural Development (Sociology of Sustainable Agriculture)	3		
731328	Valuation Methods for Natural Resources	3		
816340	Ecologically Oriented Methods and Monitoring for River Engineering	3		
LIFE e-learning	Climate Change Impacts, Adaptation and Mitigation	15		
814010	Foresights- Wohin entwickelt sich die Welt	2		
	Free elective lecture	6		
			24	Elective
<b>Summe</b>		<b>49</b>	<b>30</b>	

## Prüfungsordnung

(1) Für Studienteile an den Partner-Universitäten ist die Prüfungsordnung der jeweiligen Partner-Universität anzuwenden.

(2) An der Universität für Bodenkultur Wien ist das Masterstudium **Environmental Sciences – Soil, Water, Biodiversity and Climate Change** (ENVEURO) abgeschlossen, wenn folgende Voraussetzungen erfüllt sind:

Die positive Absolvierung der Lehrveranstaltungen an der Universität für Bodenkultur (mind. 40 ECTS) und den notwendigen Anteilen an einer oder mehrerer Partneruniversitäten wie im Programm festgelegt:

A. Basic semester package (BSP) including introduction course	30 ECTS
B. Advanced semester packages (ASP) + Summer field course (SFC)	60 ECTS
C. Thesis (T)	<u>30 ECTS</u>
	Summe = 120 ECTS

davon sind Lehrveranstaltungen im Ausmaß von **mindestens 30 ECTS** an einer der Partner-Universitäten außerhalb der Universität für Bodenkultur Wien zu absolvieren, die positive Absolvierung eines **Masterseminars (2 ECTS)**, die positive Beurteilung der Masterarbeit. Die Beurteilung des Studienerfolges erfolgt in Form von Lehrveranstaltungs-Prüfungen. Die Lehrveranstaltungs-Prüfungen können schriftlich und/oder mündlich nach Festlegung durch den Leiter der Lehrveranstaltung absolviert werden. Studierende sind berechtigt, bei der Anmeldung zur Prüfung eine von der festgelegten Prüfungsmethode abweichende Methode bei dem Leiter der Lehrveranstaltung zu beantragen.

Die Prüfungsmethode hat sich am Typ der Lehrveranstaltung zu orientieren: Vorlesungen sind mit mündlichen oder schriftlichen Prüfungen abzuschließen, sofern diese nicht vorlesungsbegleitend beurteilt werden. Lehrveranstaltungen des Typs SE, VS, VSX, SX und USX können mit selbständig verfassten schriftlichen Seminararbeiten, deren Umfang vom Leiter der Lehrveranstaltung festzulegen ist, abgeschlossen werden. Bei allen anderen Lehrveranstaltungen wird die Prüfungsmethode vom Leiter der Lehrveranstaltung festgelegt. Die Masterarbeit ist eine wissenschaftliche Arbeit, die dem Nachweis der Befähigung dient, ein wissenschaftliches Thema selbständig sowie inhaltlich und methodisch vertretbar zu bearbeiten (§51 (1) Z. 8 UG2002).

Die abgeschlossene Masterarbeit ist zu präsentieren und in einem wissenschaftlichen Fachgespräch öffentlich zu verteidigen. Der für die Beurteilung der Magisterarbeit verantwortliche Universitätslehrer ist auch für die Organisation der Präsentation bzw. Verteidigung verantwortlich.

Zusätzlich zum Beurteiler sind mindestens zwei Universitätslehrer mit einschlägiger fachlicher Kompetenz zu nominieren, welche an der Präsentation und dem anschließenden Fachgespräch teilnehmen. Die Kandidaten haben ein Vorschlagsrecht. Die beigezogenen Universitätslehrer sind zeitgerecht im voraus über das Thema und den Inhalt der Magisterarbeit zu informieren.